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SOUTH CAROLINA EMPLOYMENT TRENDS

MARCH, 1990

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SOUTH CAROLINA EMPLOYMENT SECURITY COMMISSION
ROBERT E. "JACK" DAVID, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
(803) 737-2617

LABOR MARKET INFORMATION DIVISION
P.O. BOX 995
COLUMBIA, S.C. 29202

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EMPLOYMENT OVERVIEW

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT CLIMBS

South Carolina's economy continued to exhibit strong growth patterns during March in comparison to the national economy. South Carolina's unemployment rate, responding to seasonal factors, dropped sharply below the national unadjusted rate of 5.4% to 4.3% in March. The state's economy, under the influence of tourism, produced 9,700 nonfarm jobs during the month. Total nonfarm employment reached 1,532,300 in March and was 52,900 above the year-ago level of 1,479,400. Private employers expanded their payrolls by 8,700, accounting for 90% of the expansion. The public sector grew by 1,000 from the previous month. Employment in the service and trade industries, heavily dominated by female employees, fueled the economic expansion with the creation of 7,900 jobs. Females landed 4,400 of those positions as retailers, hotels and other lodging places, and health services all hired additional workers to handle the influx of visitors to the state's beaches and resorts. Within retail trade, eating and drinking places, and miscellaneous retail outlets led the tourism advance. Counties such as Horry, Georgetown, Beaufort, and Charleston, all heavily dependent on the state's tourist trade, recorded sharp drops in their unemployment rates. Horry and Georgetown counties experienced the largest declines in their unemployment rates of 3.0% and 2.4%, respectively.

WARM WEATHER AIDS CONSTRUCTION WHILE MANUFACTURING FALTERS

Construction employment was at an all-time high of 100,000 in March. Construction employers reported healthy job gains during the month of 1,200, attributed to continual favorable weather conditions. Special trade contractors triggered the growth by increasing their employment by 400 as building and rebuilding continued across the state. In manufacturing, employers reported temporary and permanent layoffs totaling 1,000 at textile mills during March. Overall, manufacturing employment was down 1,200 for the month with nondurable and durable goods recording losses of 1,100 and 100, respectively. Female workers were hit particularly hard with a decrease of 800.

WARM WEATHER AIDS CONSTRUCTION WHILE MANUFACTURING FALTERS (Continued)

South Carolina's manufacturing job losses are part of a widespread national downward trend occurring in the industry. Nationally, manufacturing employment was down 30,000 in March. As a result of the manufacturing layoffs in South Carolina, the industry's workweek in the state declined 0.2 hour to 40.9 hours; however, average hourly earnings edged up $0.03 to $8.73 since lower paid employees are usually the first affected by cutbacks. The manufacturing productivity index also followed its downward trend for the third consecutive month, dropping to 106.8 points from 107.9 in February. Textile productivity experienced the sharpest monthly decline of 1.6 points.

FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE CLIMBS, TPU UNCHANGED

The job count in finance, insurance, and real estate, benefiting from a sharp rise in the number of real estate positions, advanced 700 in March. Real estate employment usually begins its climb in March, tracking tourism. The after-effects of Hurricane Hugo were also a driving force behind increased industry activity. Females were hired into 500 of the 700 positions filled in finance, insurance, and real estate during the month. The transportation and public utilities job count was unchanged from a record high level of 64,000 in February.

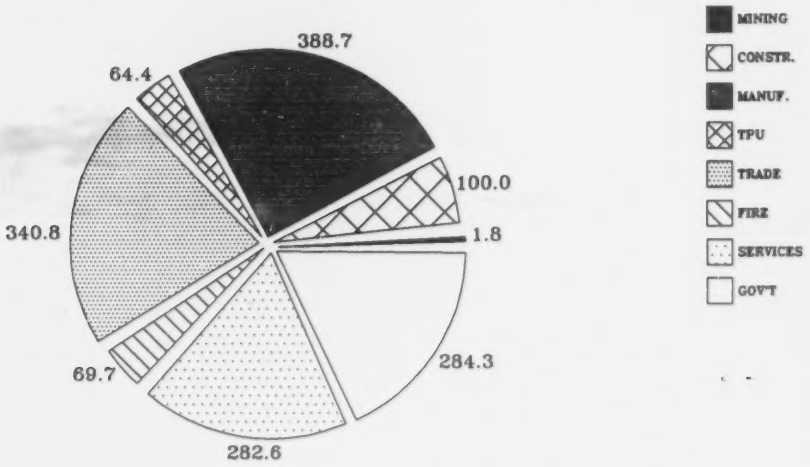
GOVERNMENT ADDS 1,000

Public sector employment rose to a record level 284,300 in March. Local government accounted for the entire monthly increase of 1,000 with an 800 gain in local education and 200 in other local government. State government was up 100 but was neutralized by a loss of 100 at the federal level. Females employed in government increased 800 to 170,100 in March.

OUTLOOK:

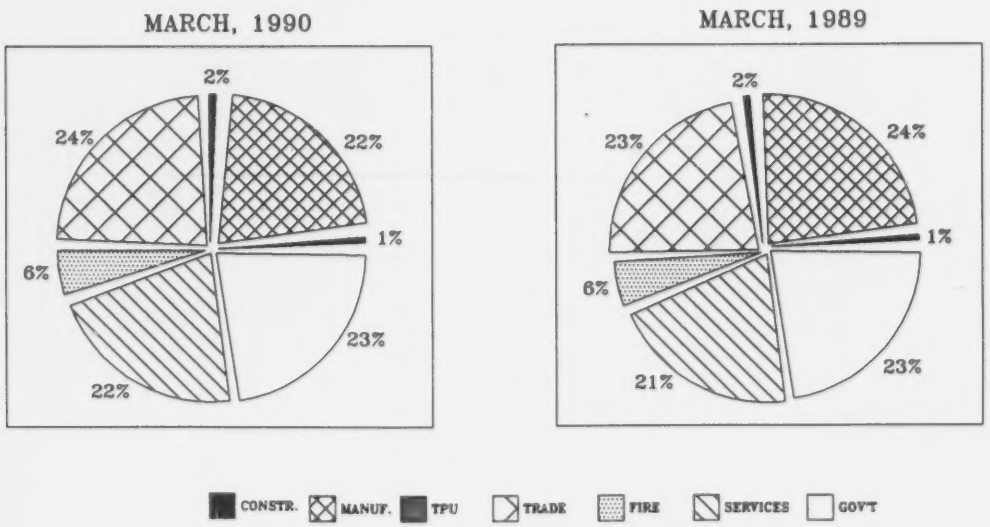
South Carolina's economy will continue to experience seasonal growth in April with trade and services leading the expansion. Manufacturing employment should begin to recover some of its losses as employers recall workers from temporary layoffs.

SOUTH CAROLINA NONFARM EMPLOYMENT
BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION
MARCH, 1990

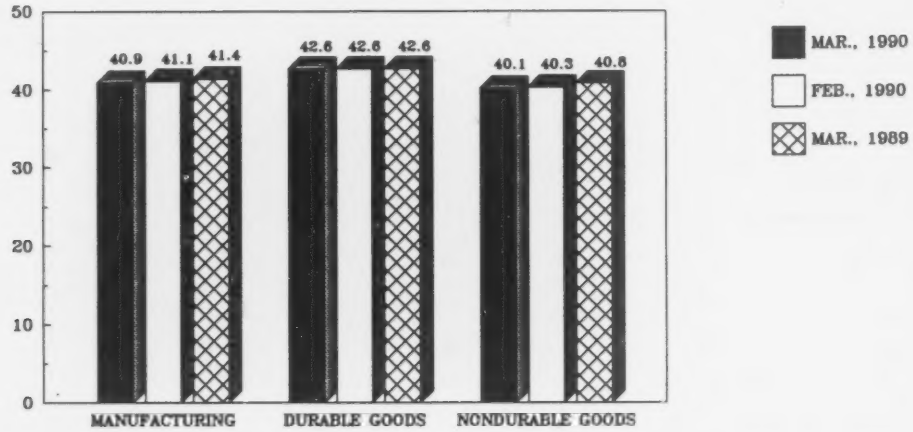


NOTE: Data in thousands

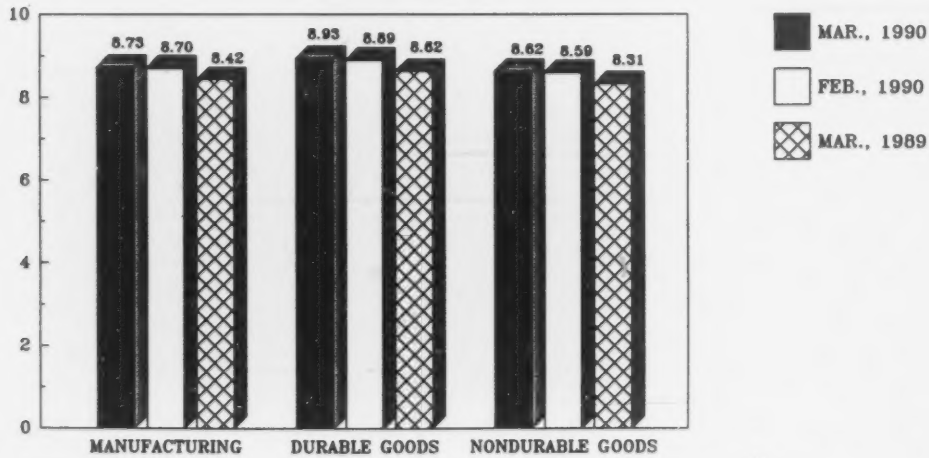
SOUTH CAROLINA NONFARM FEMALE EMPLOYMENT
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
MARCH, 1990 COMPARED TO MARCH, 1989



SOUTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING PRODUCTION WORKERS
AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS
MARCH, 1990



SOUTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING PRODUCTION WORKERS
AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS
MARCH, 1990
IN DOLLARS PER HOUR



UNEMPLOYMENT SHOWS SEASONAL DECLINE IN MARCH

South Carolina's unemployment rate dropped from 5.0% to 4.3% in March. This represented 73,800 jobless individuals, a decline of 10,500 from the February level. The reduction in unemployment was attributed to tourism-related hires in trade and services, together with accelerated activity in construction and agriculture. The national rate, seasonally adjusted, averaged 5.2% in March.

TABLE 1
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY
March, 1990

South Carolina

	Unadjusted Data			Seasonally Adjusted Data		
	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Civilian Labor Force	1,715,400	1,678,700	1,682,700	1,722,900	1,685,900	1,690,200
Total Employment	1,641,600	1,594,400	1,605,600	1,650,000	1,609,800	1,614,000
Total Unemployment	73,800	84,300	77,100	72,900	76,100	76,200
Unemployment Rate	4.3	5.0	4.6	4.2	4.5	4.5

Metropolitan Statistical Areas
Unadjusted Data Only

	Charleston MSA			Columbia MSA		
	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Civilian Labor Force	230,630	225,780	225,950	237,590	232,220	235,680
Total Employment	223,650	217,880	217,160	230,370	224,420	228,100
Total Unemployment	6,980	7,900	8,790	7,220	7,800	7,580
Unemployment Rate	3.0	3.5	3.9	3.0	3.4	3.2

	Greenville-Spartanburg MSA		
	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Civilian Labor Force	343,810	336,530	337,170
Total Employment	331,390	322,460	326,010
Total Unemployment	12,410	14,070	11,160
Unemployment Rate	3.6	4.2	3.3

United States
(Data rounded to the nearest thousands)

	Unadjusted Data			Seasonally Adjusted Data		
	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Civilian Labor Force	123,789	123,442	122,223	124,829	124,630	123,245
Total Employment	117,093	116,308	115,844	118,334	118,035	117,047
Total Unemployment	6,697	7,134	6,378	6,495	6,594	6,198
Unemployment Rate	5.4	5.8	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.0

Note: Comparable data for the Anderson (Anderson County), Florence (Florence County) Metropolitan Areas can be found on Table #13 under the appropriate counties.

WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT DEVELOPMENTS IN THE MAJOR METROPOLITAN AREAS

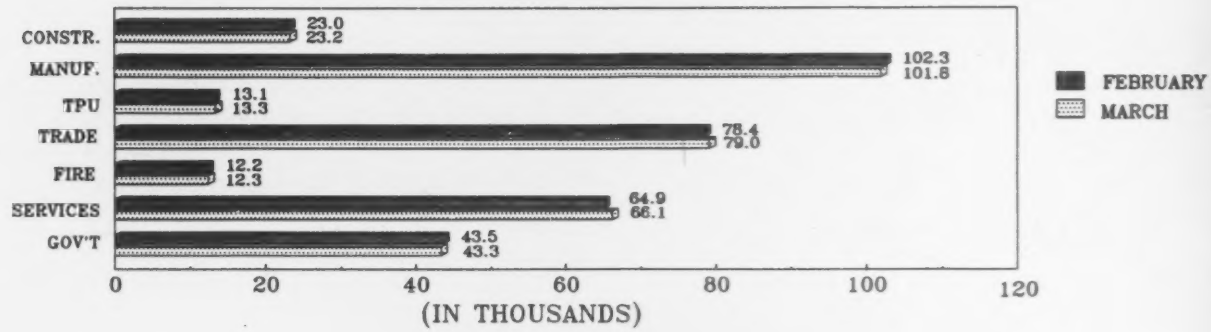
METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS (Includes the Greenville-Spartanburg, Columbia, and Charleston MSA's)

All three metropolitan statistical areas (MSA's) in the state showed positive movement in March with Greenville-Spartanburg registering the largest growth (+1,600), followed closely by Charleston (+1,300) and Columbia (+1,100). All three followed basically the same normal seasonal patterns with growth in construction, trade, and services. The increases in construction traversed all areas of the industry, but were sharpest in building construction. New buildings were underway, and repairs from Hurricane Hugo damage, especially in the Charleston area, continued. In terms of employment, it appears as though the hurricane may have helped the Charleston area as the tourist season begins. The unemployment rate in the area dropped 0.6 of a percent, to 3.2 percent in March, compared to a 0.4 of a percent a year earlier. Added employment due to construction, and tourists curious of the effects of Hugo are stated as reasons for the sharp increase in employment over the month. Services employment rose in all of the MSA's in March. In fact, in the Greenville-Spartanburg area, services rose 1,200 on the strength of additions in temporary services, educational services, and personal services. This jump was the most of any industry in any MSA. Columbia and Charleston also posted advances in services, increasing 200 and 400, respectively. Trade, especially retail, also advanced in all three MSA's in March, as stores beefed up personnel to handle the extra demand from tourist spending and the spring shopping season. Manufacturing was the only industry with across-the-board losses in employment in March. Most of the setbacks that were registered came from temporary layoffs in the textile industry. Government showed little movement in any MSA in March. Greenville's government employment dropped slightly (-200), with all of the losses coming in educational positions. Charleston and Columbia, on the other hand, rose slightly over the month, with both posting 200 increases in educational positions. Slight seasonal gains were seen in Greenville and Charleston in the finance, insurance, and real estate industry, most coming in real estate where the busy season began. Columbia, however, held steady over the month at 18,400 positions. Transportation and public utilities saw little change over the month in any of the three MSA's, slipping 100 in Charleston while increasing 200 and 100 in Greenville and Columbia, respectively.

SOUTH CAROLINA MSA EMPLOYMENT
MARCH 1990 COMPARED TO FEBRUARY 1990

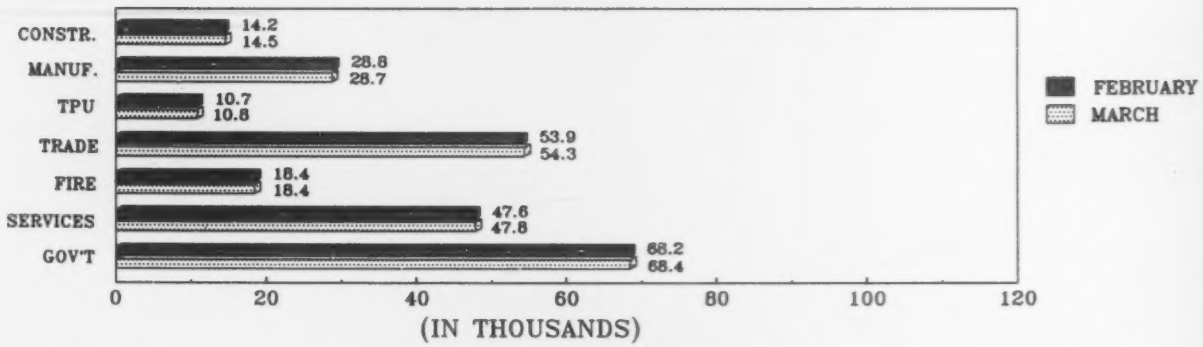
GREENVILLE MSA

(INCLUDES GREENVILLE, PICKENS AND SPARTANBURG COUNTIES)



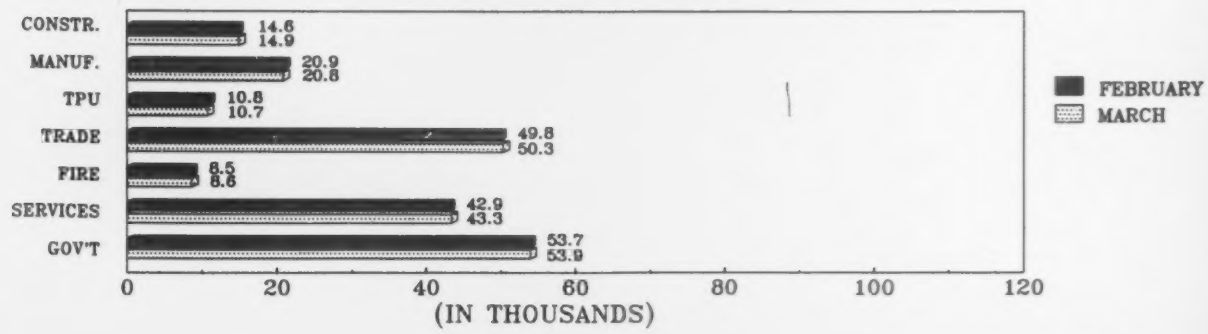
COLUMBIA MSA

(INCLUDES LEXINGTON AND RICHLAND COUNTIES)



CHARLESTON MSA

(INCLUDES BERKELEY, CHARLESTON, AND DORCHESTER COUNTIES)



UNITED STATES ECONOMY

The nation's unemployment rate dropped to a seasonally adjusted 5.2% during March . . . after hovering at 5.3% for the past several months. Economists are raising questions about the strength of the economy following a weak showing of only 26,000 new jobs over the month. Reductions of 30,000 manufacturing employees in March and approximately 250,000 over the past year were major concerns. The manufacturing job losses, which were widespread across all industries, were another indication of a slowing economy. The retail trade industry, down 25,000 over the month, also appeared to be weakening with its second consecutive monthly decline in March. Services, however, continued to offset other areas of the economy with the addition of 122,000 jobs.

The average weekly earnings of factory workers in March rose to $435.64 . . . The average hourly rate of pay was $10.73, up from $10.66 in February. The manufacturing workweek was unchanged at a seasonally adjusted 40.7 hours while factory overtime edged up 0.1 hour to 3.7 hours.

Retail sales declined for the second month in a row in March . . . the first consecutive monthly decreases in over three years. Retail sales dropped 0.6% in March after sliding 0.3% during February. Auto sales continued a decline, falling 1.4% while purchase of hardware and building materials, and furniture fell 0.8% and 0.1%, respectively. Sales at general merchandise stores shrank 1%, and apparel sales were off 0.5%. These declines followed sharp gains reported during February in the above industries. Excluding autos, retail sales were down 0.4% in March. Retail purchases totaled $148.55 billion during the month, 5.1% above the March, 1989 level. Economists blamed slower sales on a later Easter than normal. April sales figures are expected to reflect delayed Easter sales increases.

Producer prices of finished goods in March fell 0.2% to a seasonally adjusted 117.4% of the 1982 average. Decreases in food and energy prices during the month of 0.6% and 2.4%, respectively, helped to moderate inflation. Excluding the volatile food and energy sector, the producer price index for finished goods rose 0.3% in March. Also experiencing price drop-offs were women's clothing, passenger cars, and household flatware. Prices of men's and boys' clothing edged up slightly. Fuel oil was the only exception to declining energy costs, jumping 10.6% after plummeting 30.2% in February.

Personal income jumped 0.8% in March . . . to a seasonally adjusted rate of $4.670 trillion from a revised $4.634 trillion during February. Personal spending increased a moderate 0.4%, pushing the savings rate to 5.8% following a 5.3% rise in February. The savings rate represents personal savings divided by disposable personal income. Spending by consumers for durable and nondurable goods dropped 1.2% and 0.9% respectively during March.

Construction spending fell 1.4% . . . to a seasonally adjusted rate of $432.5 billion during March. The monthly decrease was the first this year and the largest drop since February 1989. The decline followed hefty gains of 3.2% in February and 2.4% in January when weather conditions were unseasonably warm which prompted builders to respond by stepping up work on many projects. March's weather on the other hand, was normal for the month.

SOUTH CAROLINA INDUSTRY PROJECTIONS 1988-2000

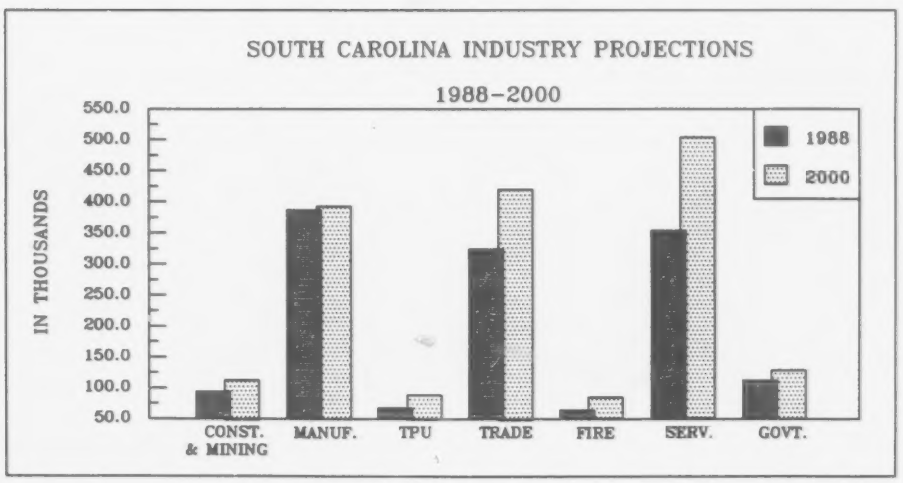
Covered employment in South Carolina is projected to reach 1,737,000 by the year 2000 with two service-producing industries, trade and services, leading the way. Trade will produce more than three times as many jobs as all goods-producing industries combined, while services will add five times as many.

Services will grow by nearly 150,000 jobs, or more than 40%, to lead all industries over the 1988-2000 period. Among industry groups with employment greater than 50,000, business services is projected to be the fastest growing between 1988 and 2000. Employment in business services is expected to reach 94,100 by 2000, an increase of 42,250 jobs and more than 80% of the industry's 1988 employment figure.

The big loser over the 12-year period, will be textile mill products, which is projected to drop approximately 10,500 jobs, or nearly ten percent of its 1988 employment. Overall, manufacturing will see a slight increase in job growth of nearly two percent, despite a decline in nondurable goods.

NOTE:

For more detailed information on industry projections contact the South Carolina Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Information Division, OES Unit, P.O. Box 995, Columbia, S.C. 29202.



PROJECTED EMPLOYMENT FOR THE YEAR 2000
SOUTH CAROLINA

Industry Title	Estimated Employment 1988	Projected Employment 2000	Change Employment	Change Percent
Total, All Industries.....	1,403,296	1,737,020	333,724	23.78
Mining.....	1,946	2,050	104	5.34
Construction.....	91,501	112,100	20,599	22.51
Manufacturing.....	386,686	393,340	6,654	1.72
Durable Goods.....	133,138	141,000	7,862	5.91
Nondurable Goods.....	253,548	252,340	- 1,208	-0.48
Textile Mill Products.....	106,780	96,300	-10,480	-9.81
Transportation & Public.....				
Utilities.....	67,291	90,050	22,759	33.82
Transportation.....	38,941	57,820	18,879	48.48
Trucking.....	19,467	28,850	9,383	48.20
Communications & Public.....				
Utilities.....	28,350	32,200	3,850	13.58
Trade.....	324,790	422,390	97,600	30.05
Wholesale Trade.....	58,274	72,300	14,026	24.07
Retail Trade.....	266,516	350,090	83,574	31.36
Eating and Drinking.....	84,659	118,250	33,591	39.68
Finance, Insurance, and Real..				
Estate.....	63,649	83,730	20,081	31.55
Insurance.....	11,559	17,550	5,991	51.83
Services.....	354,862	503,620	148,758	41.92
Hotels.....	23,688	35,070	11,382	48.05
Business Services.....	51,855	94,100	42,245	81.47
Health Services.....	83,646	114,480	30,834	36.86
Legal Services.....	7,926	12,280	4,354	54.93
Educational Services.....	104,264	127,870	23,606	22.64
Government.....	112,571	129,740	17,169	15.25
Federal Government.....	31,597	32,360	763	2.41
State Government.....	44,746	53,860	9,114	20.37
Local Government.....	36,228	43,520	7,292	20.13

Notes: 1. The employment given above represents only covered employment.
2. Educational services include both private and public schools.
3. Federal government employment excludes Post Offices.
4. State and local government employment excludes both hospitals and education.

TABLE 2

SUMMARY OF MONTHLY EARNINGS
OF MANUFACTURING WORKERS
Base Year 1982-1984 = 100.0

March, 1990

	South Carolina			Charleston MSA		
	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Average Hourly Earnings	$ 8.73	$ 8.70	$ 8.42	$ 9.51	$ 9.47	$ 9.14
Average Weekly Earnings	$357.06	$357.57	$348.59	$383.25	$382.59	$363.77
Inflation-Adjusted Weekly Earnings (1982-84 Dollars)	$277.44	$279.35	$285.03	$297.79	$298.90	$297.44

	Columbia MSA			Greenville-Spartanburg MSA		
	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Average Hourly Earnings	$ 8.92	$ 8.88	$ 8.64	$ 8.62	$ 8.61	$ 8.23
Average Weekly Earnings	$373.75	$370.30	$356.83	$356.87	$356.45	$334.96
Inflation-Adjusted Weekly Earnings (1982-84 Dollars)	$290.40	$289.30	$291.77	$277.29	$278.48	$273.88

	United States		
	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Average Hourly Earnings	$ 10.73	$ 10.66	$ 10.41
Average Weekly Earnings	$435.64	$430.66	$426.81
Inflation-Adjusted Weekly Earnings (1982-84 Dollars)	$338.49	$336.45	$348.99

TABLE 3

PRODUCTIVITY INDEX
Base Year 1982-84 = 100.0

March, 1990

	Current Month	Previous Month	Year-Ago
Production-Worker Productivity Index	106.8	107.9	108.4
Durable-Good Productivity Index	123.0	123.0	124.1
Nondurable-Good Productivity Index	99.9	101.2	101.6
Textile Productivity Index	92.8	94.4	96.0
Apparel Productivity Index	94.8	94.4	95.1

U.S. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

Base Year 1982-84 = 100.0

March, 1990

				Unadjusted percent change to Mar., 1990 from-	
	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989
All items	128.7	128.0	122.3	+0.5	+5.2

IS THE EMPLOYEE THAT YOU NEED AT A JOB SERVICE OFFICE TODAY?

WHY NOT CHECK THE FOLLOWING MINI–RESUMES AND SEE?

Occupation Desired	# Mths Exper	Other Exper	# Mths Exper	Education (Highest Grade Completed)	Hours Desired / Annual Income Desired	Relocate? / Location of * Applicant
Restaurant Manager	99	Supervisor Food Service	04	16	Full / 25,000	Yes / Beaufort
Vice–President Bank	99	None	N/A	16	Full / 28,000	Yes / Conway
Systems Engineer	09	None	N/A	16	Full / 25,000	Yes / Florence
Purchasing Agent	99	None	N/A	12	Full / 31,200	Yes / Greenville
Maintenance Repair	52	None	N/A	14	Full / 18,000	Yes / Greenwood
General Clerk	89	Bookkeeper	78	12	Full / 10,400	No / Hampton
Comptroller	99	None	N/A	18	Full / 20,000	Yes / Hartsville
Accounting Clerk	99	Teller	72	12	Full / 9,880	No / Kingstree
Radio Phone Operator	36	None	N/A	13	Full / 10,400	Yes / Lancaster
Recreation Specialist	00	None	N/A	16	Full / 16,000	Yes / Marion
Statistician	99	Accounting Clerk	24	12	Full / 15,000	No / Newberry
Mechanical Drafter	60	None	N/A	12	Full / 20,000	No / Rock Hill
Electronic Technician	18	None	N/A	15	Full / 15,000	Yes / Sumter

* There are currently more than 90,513 applicants seeking jobs through Job Service offices in South Carolina. The above mini–resumes are examples of the types of individuals available. You may contact the Job Service office in your area for further information.

Months experience – "99" indicates experience exceeds 8 years and 3 months.

TABLE 4

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA
BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

March, 1990

	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Net Change From: Feb. 1990	Net Change From: Mar. 1989
Total Nonagricultural Employment.....	1532.3	1522.6	1479.4	+ 9.7	+52.9
Total Private.....	1248.0	1239.3	1205.3	+ 8.7	+42.7
Mining.....	1.8	1.8	1.9	+ 0.0	- 0.1
Construction.....	100.0	98.8	89.3	+ 1.2	+10.7
Heavy Construction, Excluding Building....	13.0	12.8	12.2	+ 0.2	+ 0.8
Highway and Street Construction.....	3.2	3.2	3.0	+ 0.0	+ 0.2
Heavy Construction, Excluding Highway....	9.8	9.6	9.2	+ 0.2	+ 0.6
Special Trade Contractors.....	47.8	47.4	43.7	+ 0.4	+ 4.1
Plumbing, Heating, Air Conditioning.....	11.6	11.7	11.2	- 0.1	+ 0.4
Electrical Work.....	10.4	10.1	9.8	+ 0.3	+ 0.6
Manufacturing (See detail on Table #5).....	388.7	389.9	389.4	- 1.2	- 0.7
Durable Goods.....	134.6	134.7	135.5	- 0.1	- 0.9
Nondurable Goods.....	254.1	255.2	253.9	- 1.1	+ 0.2
Transportation and Public Utilities.....	64.4	64.3	62.8	+ 0.1	+ 1.6
Trucking and Warehousing.....	19.6	19.6	19.7	+ 0.0	- 0.1
Water Transportation.....	3.5	3.6	3.3	- 0.1	+ 0.2
Communications.....	12.7	12.5	12.5	+ 0.2	+ 0.2
Telephone Communications.....	8.5	8.4	8.2	+ 0.1	+ 0.3
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Services.....	16.1	16.0	15.9	+ 0.1	+ 0.2
Electric Services.....	9.6	9.6	9.7	+ 0.0	- 0.1
Combination Utility Services.....	4.0	3.9	4.0	+ 0.1	+ 0.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade.....	340.8	337.3	327.5	+ 3.5	+13.3
Wholesale Trade.....	61.2	61.0	59.8	+ 0.2	+ 1.4
Wholesale Trade-Durable Goods.....	34.3	34.4	33.8	- 0.1	+ 0.5
Machinery, Equipment, and Supplies.....	9.9	9.9	10.0	+ 0.0	- 0.1
Wholesale Trade-Nondurable Goods.....	26.9	26.6	26.0	+ 0.3	+ 0.9
Groceries and Related Products.....	9.1	8.9	8.7	+ 0.2	+ 0.4
Groceries, General Line.....	4.1	4.0	3.9	+ 0.1	+ 0.2
Petroleum and Petroleum Products.....	3.9	3.8	3.9	+ 0.1	+ 0.0

(Continued on next page)

TABLE 4 (Continued)

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA
BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

March, 1990

	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Net Change From: Feb. 1990	Net Change From: Mar. 1989
Retail Trade	279.6	276.3	267.7	+ 3.3	+11.9
Building Materials and Garden Supplies	12.1	12.1	11.9	+ 0.0	+ 0.2
Lumber and Other Building Materials	6.5	6.5	6.5	+ 0.0	+ 0.0
General Merchandise Stores	37.2	37.0	35.6	+ 0.2	+ 1.6
Food Stores	49.9	49.7	46.7	+ 0.2	+ 3.2
Grocery Stores	46.7	46.5	44.1	+ 0.2	+ 2.6
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	69.7	69.0	66.4	+ 0.7	+ 3.3
Depository Institutions	21.7	21.8	21.5	- 0.1	+ 0.2
Commercial Banks	14.2	14.3	14.1	- 0.1	+ 0.1
National Commercial Banks	8.2	8.3	8.2	- 0.1	+ 0.0
Insurance Carriers	15.2	15.0	13.8	+ 0.2	+ 1.4
Life Insurance	7.3	7.3	7.1	+ 0.0	+ 0.2
Services	282.6	278.2	268.0	+ 4.4	+14.6
Hotels and Other Lodging Places	22.7	21.5	23.0	+ 1.2	- 0.3
Health Services	57.3	57.0	53.3	+ 0.3	+ 4.0
Nursing and Personal Care Facilities	11.4	11.4	10.7	+ 0.0	+ 0.7
Hospitals	19.6	19.4	17.9	+ 0.2	+ 1.7
Educational Services	22.0	21.7	22.2	+ 0.3	- 0.2
Colleges and Universities	12.4	12.3	12.9	+ 0.1	- 0.5
Total Government	284.3	283.3	274.1	+ 1.0	+10.2
Total Federal Government	39.9	40.0	38.9	- 0.1	+ 1.0
Total State and Local Government	244.4	243.3	235.2	+ 1.1	+ 9.2
Total State Government	96.2	96.1	91.6	+ 0.1	+ 4.6
State Government Education	40.0	40.0	37.6	+ 0.0	+ 2.4
Other State Government	56.2	56.1	54.0	+ 0.1	+ 2.2
Total Local Government	148.2	147.2	143.6	+ 1.0	+ 4.6
Local Government Education	85.0	84.2	83.8	+ 0.8	+ 1.2
Other Local Government	63.2	63.0	59.8	+ 0.2	+ 3.4

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 5

WAGE AND SALARY MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA

March, 1990

	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Net Change From: Feb. 1990	Net Change From: Mar. 1989
Manufacturing	388.7	389.9	389.4	- 1.2	- 0.7
Durable Goods	134.6	134.7	135.5	- 0.1	- 0.9
Lumber and Wood Products	15.4	15.5	16.0	- 0.1	- 0.6
Sawmills and Planing Mills	5.1	5.1	4.9	+ 0.0	+ 0.2
Millwork, Plywood, and Structural Members	3.8	3.9	4.2	- 0.1	- 0.4
Furniture and Fixtures	4.0	4.0	4.7	+ 0.0	- 0.7
Household Furniture	3.0	3.0	3.5	+ 0.0	- 0.5
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	11.5	11.4	10.4	+ 0.1	+ 1.1
Glass and Glassware, Pressed or Blown	3.2	3.2	3.4	+ 0.0	- 0.2
Concrete, Gypsum, and Plaster Products	2.8	2.8	3.0	+ 0.0	- 0.2
Primary Metal Industries	8.2	8.3	8.5	- 0.1	- 0.3
Fabricated Metal Products	17.4	17.4	17.3	+ 0.0	+ 0.1
Cutlery, Hand Tools, and Hardware	2.9	2.9	2.9	+ 0.0	+ 0.0
Fabricated Structural Metal Products	6.5	6.4	6.2	+ 0.1	+ 0.3
Industrial Machinery and Equipment	36.0	36.0	35.8	+ 0.0	+ 0.2
Metalworking Machinery	6.8	6.8	6.6	+ 0.0	+ 0.2
Special Industry Machinery	6.3	6.3	6.6	+ 0.0	- 0.3
General Industrial Machinery	7.5	7.5	7.6	+ 0.0	- 0.1
Electronic and Other Electric Equipment	22.1	22.1	22.7	+ 0.0	- 0.6
Electrical Industrial Apparatus	2.2	2.3	2.2	- 0.1	+ 0.0
Household Appliances	2.5	2.4	2.6	+ 0.1	- 0.1
Electronic Components and Accessories	7.3	7.3	8.2	+ 0.0	- 0.9
Transportation Equipment	10.9	10.8	11.3	+ 0.1	- 0.4
Instruments and Related Products	5.0	5.1	5.3	- 0.1	- 0.3
Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	4.1	4.1	3.5	+ 0.0	+ 0.6
Nondurable Goods	254.1	255.2	253.9	- 1.1	+ 0.2
Food and Kindred Products	16.1	16.1	15.2	+ 0.0	+ 0.9
Meat Products	6.3	6.3	5.4	+ 0.0	+ 0.9
Beverages	2.6	2.6	2.4	+ 0.0	+ 0.2
Textile Mill Products	104.3	105.3	106.4	- 1.0	- 2.1
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton	26.5	26.7	28.4	- 0.2	- 1.9
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade	26.5	27.1	28.7	- 0.6	- 2.2
Knitting Mills	9.2	9.2	9.5	+ 0.0	- 0.3
Textile Finishing, Except Wool	17.3	17.3	13.9	+ 0.0	+ 3.4
Finishing Plants, Cotton	9.8	9.8	7.3	+ 0.0	+ 2.5
Finishing Plants, Manmade	6.6	6.6	5.9	+ 0.0	+ 0.7
Yarn and Thread Mills	9.7	9.8	10.3	- 0.1	- 0.6
Yarn Spinning Mills	8.9	9.0	9.4	- 0.1	- 0.5
Miscellaneous Textile Goods	7.4	7.5	7.4	- 0.1	+ 0.0

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 5 (Continued)

WAGE AND SALARY MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA

March, 1990

	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Net Change From: Feb. 1990	Net Change From: Mar. 1989
Apparel and Other Textile Products.....	44.0	44.0	44.4	+ 0.0	- 0.4
Men's and Boys' Furnishings.....	9.3	9.4	9.7	- 0.1	- 0.4
Men's and Boys' Shirts.....	5.8	5.9	6.2	- 0.1	- 0.4
Women's and Misses' Outerwear.....	13.6	13.8	14.9	- 0.2	- 1.3
Women's and Misses' Blouses and Shirts.	4.5	4.6	5.3	- 0.1	- 0.8
Women's and Children's Undergarments.....	2.1	2.1	2.3	+ 0.0	- 0.2
Girls & Children's Outerwear.....	5.0	5.0	4.9	+ 0.0	+ 0.1
Miscellaneous Apparel and Accessories.....	2.3	2.3	2.3	+ 0.0	+ 0.0
Miscellaneous Fabricated Textile Prod.....	10.9	10.9	9.4	+ 0.0	+ 1.5
Paper and Allied Products.....	16.7	16.7	16.3	+ 0.0	+ 0.4
Paperboard Mills.....	3.5	3.5	3.5	+ 0.0	+ 0.0
Paperboard Containers and Boxes.....	5.6	5.6	5.3	+ 0.0	+ 0.3
Miscellaneous Converted Paper Products....	4.6	4.6	4.5	+ 0.0	+ 0.1
Printing and Publishing.....	11.4	11.4	11.3	+ 0.0	+ 0.1
Newspapers.....	4.4	4.4	4.5	+ 0.0	- 0.1
Commercial Printing.....	4.8	4.8	4.8	+ 0.0	+ 0.0
Chemicals and Allied Products.....	35.7	35.8	36.3	- 0.1	- 0.6
Plastics Materials and Synthetics.....	15.0	15.1	16.0	- 0.1	- 1.0
Industrial Organic Chemicals.....	2.9	2.9	2.8	+ 0.0	+ 0.1
Rubber and Miscellaneous Plastics Products.	25.1	25.1	23.1	+ 0.0	+ 2.0
Fabricated Rubber Products, Not Else-..... where Classified.....	2.1	2.1	2.6	+ 0.0	- 0.5
Miscellaneous Plastics Products, Not..... Elsewhere Classified.....	11.1	11.1	10.8	+ 0.0	+ 0.3

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 6

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA

March, 1990

	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Net Change From: Feb. 1990	Net Change From: Mar. 1989
Total Nonagricultural Employment.....	1541.6	1543.7	1488.1	- 2.1	+53.5
Total Private.....	1263.8	1266.0	1220.6	- 2.2	+43.2
Construction.....	101.8	101.6	90.9	+ 0.2	+10.9
Manufacturing.....	389.9	390.9	390.2	- 1.0	- 0.3
Durable Goods.....	135.1	135.3	136.0	- 0.2	- 0.9
Lumber and Wood Products.....	15.4	15.6	16.0	- 0.2	- 0.6
Furniture and Fixtures.....	3.9	4.0	4.6	- 0.1	- 0.7
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products.....	11.6	11.6	10.4	+ 0.0	+ 1.2
Primary Metal Industries.....	8.2	8.3	8.5	- 0.1	- 0.3
Fabricated Metal Products.....	17.4	17.5	17.3	- 0.1	+ 0.1
Machinery, Except Electrical.....	35.8	35.9	35.6	- 0.1	+ 0.2
Special Industry Machinery.....	6.3	6.3	6.6	+ 0.0	- 0.3
Electrical and Electronic Equipment.....	22.4	22.4	23.0	+ 0.0	- 0.6
Nondurable Goods.....	254.8	255.6	254.6	- 0.8	+ 0.2
Food and Kindred Products.....	16.3	16.4	15.4	- 0.1	+ 0.9
Textile Mill Products.....	104.2	105.1	106.3	- 0.9	- 2.1
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton.....	26.6	26.9	28.5	- 0.3	- 1.9
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade.....	26.3	27.0	28.5	- 0.7	- 2.2
Knitting Mills.....	9.3	9.3	9.6	+ 0.0	- 0.3
Textile Finishing, Except Wool.....	17.3	17.2	13.9	+ 0.1	+ 3.4
Yarn and Thread Mills.....	9.7	9.8	10.3	- 0.1	- 0.6
Apparel and Other Textile Products.....	44.0	43.7	44.4	+ 0.3	- 0.4
Men's and Boys' Furnishings.....	9.4	9.5	9.8	- 0.1	- 0.4
Women's and Misses' Outerwear.....	13.4	13.7	14.6	- 0.3	- 1.2
Miscellaneous Fabricated Textile Prod..	11.1	11.0	9.5	+ 0.1	+ 1.6
Paper and Allied Products.....	16.8	16.7	16.4	+ 0.1	+ 0.4
Printing and Publishing.....	11.4	11.5	11.3	- 0.1	+ 0.1
Chemicals and Allied Products.....	35.8	35.9	36.4	- 0.1	- 0.6
Plastics Materials and Synthetics.....	15.0	15.2	16.0	- 0.2	- 1.0

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TABLE 6 (Continued)

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA

March, 1990

	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Net Change From: Feb. 1990	Net Change From: Mar. 1989
Transportation and Public Utilities.....	65.1	65.1	63.4	+ 0.0	+ 1.7
Trucking and Warehousing.....	19.8	20.0	19.9	- 0.2	- 0.1
Communication.....	12.8	12.6	12.6	+ 0.2	+ 0.2
Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Services....	16.2	16.0	16.0	+ 0.2	+ 0.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade.....	349.6	351.0	336.5	- 1.4	+13.1
Wholesale Trade.....	62.2	62.3	60.7	- 0.1	+ 1.5
Retail Trade.....	287.4	288.7	275.2	- 1.3	+12.2
General Merchandise Stores.....	38.1	38.1	36.5	+ 0.0	+ 1.6
Food Stores.....	51.5	51.7	48.2	- 0.2	+ 3.3
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate.....	70.7	70.4	67.3	+ 0.3	+ 3.4
Insurance Carriers.....	15.3	15.1	13.9	+ 0.2	+ 1.4
Services.....	284.9	285.2	270.2	- 0.3	+14.7
Hotels and Other Lodging Places.....	24.1	24.7	24.4	- 0.6	- 0.3
Educational Services.....	20.9	20.8	21.1	+ 0.1	- 0.2
Total Government.....	277.8	277.7	267.7	+ 0.1	+10.1
Total Federal Government.....	40.1	40.4	39.1	- 0.3	+ 1.0
Total State Government.....	94.1	94.1	89.6	+ 0.0	+ 4.5
Total Local Government.....	143.6	143.2	139.1	+ 0.4	+ 4.5

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 7

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN THE GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG AND COLUMBIA METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

March, 1990

	GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG			COLUMBIA		
	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989
Total Nonagricultural Employment.....	339.0	337.4	329.0	242.9	241.8	239.2
Total Private.....	295.7	293.9	288.0	174.5	173.6	172.3
Construction and Mining.....	23.2	23.0	22.7	14.5	14.2	14.4
Special Trade Contractors.....	10.7	10.6	10.6	-	-	-
Manufacturing.....	101.8	102.3	104.6	28.7	28.8	28.9
Durable Goods.....	33.7	33.6	33.4	13.6	13.5	14.0
Lumber and Wood Products Including... Furniture.....	1.7	1.7	1.8	0.7	0.6	0.6
Primary Metal Industries and Fabri-.. cated Metal Products.....	6.4	6.4	6.1	-	-	-
Machinery, Except Electrical.....	13.2	13.2	13.1	-	-	-
Metalworking Machinery.....	2.5	2.5	2.5	-	-	-
Special Industry Machinery.....	4.6	4.6	4.8	-	-	-
Industrial Machinery and Equipment...	-	-	-	3.4	3.5	3.6
Computer and Office Equipment.....	-	-	-	1.5	1.6	1.6
Electronic and Other Electric Equip-. ment.....	6.6	6.6	6.5	1.9	1.9	2.1
Nondurable Goods.....	68.1	68.7	71.2	15.1	15.3	14.9
Food and Kindred Products.....	2.6	2.6	2.7	1.7	1.7	1.6
Textile Mill Products.....	30.8	31.0	33.8	1.9	2.0	2.1
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton.....	8.6	8.7	10.1	-	-	-
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade....	8.5	8.5	9.5	-	-	-
Knitting Mills.....	1.8	1.8	1.8	-	-	-
Textile Finishing, Except Wool.....	3.4	3.5	3.4	-	-	-
Carpets and Rugs.....	3.1	3.1	3.3	-	-	-
Yarn and Thread Mills.....	2.3	2.3	2.4	-	-	-
Apparel and Other Textile Products...	8.3	8.3	8.9	2.0	2.0	2.0
Men's and Boys' Furnishings.....	1.1	1.1	1.4	-	-	-
Women's and Children's Outer and.... Underwear.....	3.7	3.7	4.2	-	-	-
Paper and Allied Products.....	5.0	5.0	4.8	1.8	1.8	1.6
Miscellaneous Converted Paper Prod..	3.5	3.5	3.4	-	-	-
Printing and Publishing.....	-	-	-	2.5	2.6	2.6
Chemicals and Allied Products.....	9.0	9.3	9.0	2.9	2.9	2.8
Plastics Materials and Synthetics...	4.3	4.6	4.6	-	-	-

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TABLE 7 (Continued)

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT IN THE GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG AND COLUMBIA METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

March, 1990

	GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG			COLUMBIA		
	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989
Transportation and Public Utilities...	13.3	13.1	12.8	10.8	10.7	10.9
Communications.....	-	-	-	3.1	3.1	3.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade.....	79.0	78.4	75.9	54.3	53.9	53.3
Wholesale Trade.....	18.5	18.4	18.0	12.9	12.9	13.0
Retail Trade.....	60.5	60.0	57.9	41.4	41.0	40.3
General Merchandise Stores.....	8.0	8.0	7.5	5.5	5.5	5.2
Food Stores.....	-	-	-	5.8	5.9	6.0
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate...	12.3	12.2	12.1	18.4	18.4	17.7
Insurance Carriers.....	-	-	-	5.5	5.5	4.9
Services.....	66.1	64.9	59.9	47.8	47.6	47.1
Health Services.....	10.9	10.9	10.6	9.2	9.2	8.7
Hospitals.....	3.1	3.0	2.9	-	-	-
Membership Organizations.....	-	-	-	2.4	2.3	3.0
Total Government.....	43.3	43.5	41.0	68.4	68.2	66.9
Total Federal Government.....	2.1	2.1	2.0	7.8	7.8	7.8
Total State and Local Government.....	41.2	41.4	39.0	60.6	60.4	59.1
Total State Government.....	13.0	13.1	11.5	38.3	38.2	38.5
Total Local Government.....	28.2	28.3	27.5	22.3	22.2	20.6

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 8

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT
IN THE CHARLESTON AND ANDERSON METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS
BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

March, 1990

	CHARLESTON			ANDERSON		
	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989
Total Nonagricultural Employment.....	202.5	201.2	195.7	53.7	53.8	53.9
Total Private.....	148.6	147.5	142.1	-	-	-
Construction and Mining.....	14.9	14.6	13.1	2.1	2.1	2.5
Manufacturing.....	20.8	20.9	21.0	20.3	20.3	20.4
Durable Goods.....	11.7	11.8	12.0	5.0	4.9	5.0
Lumber and Wood Products Including. Furniture.....	2.1	2.2	2.2	-	-	-
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products....	1.0	1.0	1.1	-	-	-
Primary Metal Industry and fabri-.. cated Metal Products.....	2.1	2.1	2.1	-	-	-
Industrial Machinery and Equipment.	3.0	3.0	2.9	-	-	-
Transportation Equipment.....	1.9	1.9	2.1	-	-	-
Nondurable Goods.....	9.1	9.1	9.0	15.3	15.4	15.4
Textile Mill Products and Apparel..	2.6	2.7	2.7	8.9	9.0	8.9
Apparel and Other Textile Products.	-	-	-	1.7	1.7	1.8
Paper and Allied Products.....	1.8	1.8	1.8	-	-	-
Chemicals and Allied Products.....	1.7	1.7	1.6	-	-	-
Transportation and Public Utilities..	10.7	10.8	10.1	1.7	1.7	1.6
Wholesale and Retail Trade.....	50.3	49.8	47.9	12.4	12.4	12.1
Wholesale Trade.....	8.6	8.6	8.8	-	-	-
Retail Trade.....	41.7	41.2	39.1	-	-	-
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate..	8.6	8.5	8.9	1.5	1.5	1.4
Services.....	43.3	42.9	41.1	8.0	8.0	7.9
Total Government.....	53.9	53.7	53.6	7.7	7.8	8.0
Total Federal Government.....	19.5	19.5	19.8	-	-	-
Total State and Local Government.....	34.4	34.2	33.8	-	-	-
Total State Government.....	16.1	16.0	15.5	-	-	-
Total Local Government.....	18.3	18.2	18.3	-	-	-

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 9

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT
IN THE FLORENCE METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA
BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUP

March, 1990

	FLORENCE		
	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989
Total Nonagricultural Employment.....	54.3	54.5	52.9
Construction and Mining.....	3.1	3.2	2.8
Manufacturing.....	13.4	13.5	13.3
Durable Goods.....	4.5	4.5	4.4
Nondurable Goods.....	8.9	9.0	8.9
Textile Mill Products.....	3.0	3.1	3.2
Apparel and Other Textile Products.	2.1	2.1	2.1
Transportation and Public Utilities..	1.9	1.9	1.9
Wholesale and Retail Trade.....	12.9	12.9	12.4
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate..	3.6	3.6	3.2
Services.....	9.7	9.7	9.6
Total Government.....	9.7	9.7	9.7

Note: See technical notes on final page. Mining is excluded from published series, but is included in total nonagricultural employment.

TABLE 10

FEMALE EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUPS

March, 1990

	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Net Change From Feb. 1990	Net Change From Mar. 1989
Total Nonagricultural Employment.....	729.3	724.4	706.5	+ 4.9	+22.8
Total Private.....	559.2	555.1	542.4	+ 4.1	+16.8
Construction.....	9.5	9.5	8.4	+ 0.0	+ 1.1
Manufacturing.....	158.5	159.3	160.3	- 0.8	- 1.8
Durable Goods.....	43.2	43.2	43.7	+ 0.0	- 0.5
Lumber and Wood Products.....	2.3	2.3	2.5	+ 0.0	- 0.2
Fabricated Metal Products.....	4.3	4.4	4.4	- 0.1	- 0.1
Industrial Machinery and Equipment.....	10.7	10.8	10.6	- 0.1	+ 0.1
Electronic and other Electric Equipment...	11.9	11.8	12.3	+ 0.1	- 0.4
Instruments and Related Products.....	3.0	3.0	3.2	+ 0.0	- 0.2
Nondurable Goods.....	115.3	116.1	116.6	- 0.8	- 1.3
Food and Kindred Products.....	5.0	5.0	4.7	+ 0.0	+ 0.3
Textile Mill Products.....	45.6	46.1	47.3	- 0.5	- 1.7
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton.....	11.4	11.5	12.2	- 0.1	- 0.8
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade.....	11.9	12.2	12.9	- 0.3	- 1.0
Knitting Mills.....	6.7	6.7	7.0	+ 0.0	- 0.3
Apparel and Other Textile Products.....	36.3	36.6	37.0	- 0.3	- 0.7
Men's and Boys' Furnishings.....	8.3	8.5	8.7	- 0.2	- 0.4
Women's and Misses' Outerwear.....	11.9	12.0	13.0	- 0.1	- 1.1
Paper and Allied Products.....	3.7	3.7	3.5	+ 0.0	+ 0.2
Printing and Publishing.....	4.9	4.9	4.9	+ 0.0	+ 0.0
Chemicals and Allied Products.....	9.5	9.6	9.9	- 0.1	- 0.4
Rubber and Miscellaneous Plastics Prod....	10.1	10.0	9.2	+ 0.1	+ 0.9
Transportation and Public Utilities.....	16.7	16.7	16.3	+ 0.0	+ 0.4
Communications.....	5.8	5.8	5.8	+ 0.0	+ 0.0

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TABLE 10 (Continued)

FEMALE EMPLOYMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA BY MAJOR INDUSTRY DIVISION AND SELECTED INDUSTRY GROUPS

March, 1990

	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Net Change From Feb. 1990	Net Change From Mar. 1989
Wholesale and Retail Trade	171.8	169.7	163.9	+ 2.1	+ 7.9
Wholesale Trade	17.1	16.9	16.7	+ 0.2	+ 0.4
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	8.5	8.5	8.4	+ 0.0	+ 0.1
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	8.6	8.4	8.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.3
Retail Trade	154.7	152.8	147.2	+ 1.9	+ 7.5
General Merchandise Stores	28.1	28.0	26.9	+ 0.1	+ 1.2
Food Stores	23.3	23.3	21.8	+ 0.0	+ 1.5
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	45.1	44.6	43.1	+ 0.5	+ 2.0
Insurance Carriers	9.5	9.3	8.5	+ 0.2	+ 1.0
Services	157.5	155.2	150.3	+ 2.3	+ 7.2
Hotels and Other Lodging Places	14.3	13.6	14.5	+ 0.7	- 0.2
Health Services	47.4	47.2	44.1	+ 0.2	+ 3.3
Hospitals	16.3	16.1	14.8	+ 0.2	+ 1.5
Educational Services	14.3	14.1	14.4	+ 0.2	- 0.1
Total Government	170.1	169.3	164.1	+ 0.8	+ 6.0
Total Federal Government	13.5	13.5	13.0	+ 0.0	+ 0.5
Total State and Local Government	156.6	155.8	151.1	+ 0.8	+ 5.5
Total State Government	55.6	55.5	52.9	+ 0.1	+ 2.7
State Government Education	19.6	19.6	18.4	+ 0.0	+ 1.2
Other State Government	36.0	35.9	34.5	+ 0.1	+ 1.5
Total Local Government	101.0	100.3	98.2	+ 0.7	+ 2.8
Local Government Education	66.3	65.7	65.3	+ 0.6	+ 1.0
Other Local Government	34.7	34.6	32.9	+ 0.1	+ 1.8

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 11

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PRODUCTION WORKERS AND AVERAGE EARNINGS AND HOURS
IN MANUFACTURING IN SOUTH CAROLINA
MARCH, 1990

Industry	MANUFACTURING PRODUCTION WORKERS (In Thousands)			AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS (Dollars)			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS (Hours)			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS (Dollars)		
	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989
MANUFACTURING	298.9	300.6	299.8	357.06	357.57	348.59	40.9	41.1	41.4	8.73	8.70	8.42
DURABLE GOODS	102.4	102.4	103.3	380.42	378.71	367.21	42.6	42.6	42.6	8.93	8.89	8.62
Lumber and Wood Products	12.7	12.7	13.1	331.47	326.60	332.59	41.8	41.5	42.1	7.93	7.87	7.90
Furniture and Fixtures	3.1	3.2	3.8	273.78	277.69	286.48	40.5	41.2	41.7	6.76	6.74	6.87
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	9.1	8.9	8.1	428.11	433.38	427.25	43.2	43.6	43.2	9.91	9.94	9.89
Fabricated Metal Products	12.6	12.7	12.5	369.75	375.38	358.28	42.5	42.9	42.2	8.70	8.75	8.49
Industrial Machinery And Equip.	26.3	26.3	26.3	412.22	410.56	393.24	43.3	43.4	43.5	9.52	9.46	9.04
Special Industry Machinery	4.2	4.2	4.4	425.90	432.89	417.24	45.6	46.2	45.8	9.34	9.37	9.11
Electronic And Other Elec. Equip.	16.5	16.5	17.0	336.57	341.96	324.72	40.6	41.3	41.0	8.29	8.28	7.92
Instruments and Related Products	3.9	3.9	4.1	355.78	349.97	373.27	43.6	43.1	45.8	8.16	8.12	8.15
NONDURABLE GOODS	196.5	198.2	196.5	345.66	346.18	339.05	40.1	40.3	40.8	8.62	8.59	8.31
Food and Kindred Products	11.1	11.2	10.3	298.62	306.84	304.80	37.8	38.5	40.0	7.90	7.97	7.62
Textile Mill Products	89.8	90.9	92.2	330.48	331.30	320.25	40.6	40.8	40.9	8.14	8.12	7.83
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Cotton	23.9	24.0	25.5	331.14	334.06	325.99	39.8	40.2	40.8	8.32	8.31	7.99
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade	23.8	24.4	25.8	340.35	336.80	321.53	39.9	40.0	39.5	8.53	8.42	8.14
Knitting Mills	8.0	8.0	8.3	303.46	311.54	302.28	41.4	42.1	42.1	7.33	7.40	7.18
Textile Finishing, Except Wool	13.8	13.9	11.3	347.34	345.64	344.49	42.0	42.1	42.9	8.27	8.21	8.03
Yarn and Thread Mills	8.4	8.5	8.9	305.25	310.37	302.74	40.7	41.0	41.7	7.50	7.57	7.26
Apparel and Other Textile Products	36.2	36.6	36.6	222.53	226.10	212.25	37.4	38.0	37.7	5.95	5.95	5.63
Men's and Boys' Furnishings	8.3	8.4	8.7	213.89	216.45	201.29	36.5	37.0	36.4	5.86	5.85	5.53
Women's and Misses' Outerwear	11.2	11.4	12.2	198.53	199.73	193.67	37.6	37.9	37.9	5.28	5.27	5.11
Paper and Allied Products	11.5	11.5	11.0	579.39	579.39	564.65	45.3	45.3	45.1	12.79	12.79	12.52
Printing and Publishing	6.2	6.2	6.0	362.55	362.94	344.93	38.9	38.9	38.8	9.32	9.33	8.89
Chemicals and Allied Products	21.5	21.7	21.9	485.85	481.07	506.10	39.5	39.4	42.0	12.30	12.21	12.05

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 12

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PRODUCTION WORKERS
AND AVERAGE EARNINGS AND HOURS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES
IN SOUTH CAROLINA'S MAJOR METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

March, 1990

CHARLESTON MSA

	Production Workers (In Thousands)			Average Weekly Earnings (Dollars)		
	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989
All Manufacturing	14.7	14.9	14.9	383.25	382.59	363.77
Durable Goods	8.9	9.1	9.2	378.22	379.72	360.20
Nondurable Goods	5.8	5.8	5.7	389.55	387.39	368.25

	Average Hours Worked Per Week (Hours)			Average Hourly Earnings (Dollars)		
	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989
All Manufacturing	40.3	40.4	39.8	9.51	9.47	9.14
Durable Goods	41.2	41.5	40.7	9.18	9.15	8.85
Nondurable Goods	38.8	38.7	38.2	10.04	10.01	9.64

COLUMBIA MSA

	Production Workers (In Thousands)			Average Weekly Earnings (Dollars)		
	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989
All Manufacturing	18.7	18.6	18.8	373.75	370.30	356.83
Durable Goods	8.8	8.7	9.0	358.18	353.12	344.40
Fabricated Metals	2.2	2.1	2.2	386.30	384.54	349.76
Industrial Machinery and Equipment	1.6	1.6	1.7	378.32	367.46	372.78
Nondurable Goods	9.9	9.9	9.8	386.90	385.64	368.58
Textile Mill Products	1.8	1.8	2.0	337.00	336.17	314.57
Apparel and Other Textile Products	1.2	1.2	1.2	205.80	204.62	202.47

	Average Hours Worked Per Week (Hours)			Average Hourly Earnings (Dollars)		
	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989
All Manufacturing	41.9	41.7	41.3	8.92	8.88	8.64
Durable Goods	41.6	41.3	41.0	8.61	8.55	8.40
Fabricated Metal Products	43.6	43.5	41.1	8.86	8.84	8.51
Industrial Machinery and Equipment	42.7	41.9	43.6	8.86	8.77	8.55
Nondurable Goods	42.1	42.1	41.6	9.19	9.16	8.86
Textile Mill Products	41.4	41.4	40.8	8.14	8.12	7.71
Apparel and Other Textile Products	39.2	39.2	39.7	5.25	5.22	5.10

(Continued on next page)

TABLE 12 (Continued)

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PRODUCTION WORKERS
AND AVERAGE EARNINGS AND HOURS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES
IN SOUTH CAROLINA'S MAJOR METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

March, 1990

GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG MSA

	Production Workers (In Thousands)			Average Weekly Earnings (Dollars)		
	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989
All Manufacturing	73.1	76.8	79.4	356.87	356.45	334.96
Durable Goods	20.6	24.2	24.0	416.03	414.65	378.35
Industrial Machinery and Equipment	10.0	10.0	9.8	464.60	465.61	429.80
Special Industry Machinery	3.1	3.1	3.2	431.48	428.23	418.59
Nondurable Goods	52.5	52.6	55.4	329.20	329.20	317.20
Textile Mill Products	26.3	26.3	29.0	330.48	329.67	321.55
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade	8.0	7.9	9.0	335.78	334.15	330.89
Knitting Mills	1.3	1.4	1.3	270.10	275.65	256.57
Textile Finishing, Except Wool	2.8	2.8	2.8	327.85	326.19	334.52
Apparel and Other Textile Product	7.0	7.0	7.4	213.95	212.25	203.86
Men's and Boys' Furnishings	.9	.9	1.1	174.30	171.91	163.86
Chemicals and Allied Products	5.4	5.5	5.4	448.36	455.39	427.65

	Average Hours Worked Per Week (Hours)			Average Hourly Earnings (Dollars)		
	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989	Mar. 1990	Feb. 1990	Mar. 1989
All Manufacturing	41.4	41.4	40.7	8.62	8.61	8.23
Durable Goods	44.4	44.3	42.8	9.37	9.36	8.84
Industrial Machinery and Equipment	46.0	46.1	45.1	10.10	10.10	9.53
Special Industry Machinery	46.0	45.8	46.1	9.38	9.35	9.08
Nondurable Goods	40.0	40.0	39.9	8.23	8.23	7.95
Textile Mill Products	40.6	40.6	40.6	8.14	8.12	7.92
Broadwoven Fabric Mills, Manmade	40.8	40.7	40.8	8.23	8.21	8.11
Knitting Mills	36.5	37.0	36.6	7.40	7.45	7.01
Textile Finishing, Except Wool	41.5	41.5	43.9	7.90	7.86	7.62
Apparel and Other Textile Product	37.8	37.7	37.2	5.66	5.63	5.48
Men's and Boys' Furnishings	35.0	34.8	35.7	4.98	4.94	4.59
Chemicals and Allied Products	42.1	42.6	41.6	10.65	10.69	10.28

Note: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 13

NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT FOR COUNTIES IN SOUTH CAROLINA
(Data rounded to the nearest ten)
MARCH, 1990

Area	TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT			MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT			NONMANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT		
	MAR. 1990	FEB. 1990	MAR. 1989	MAR. 1990	FEB. 1990	MAR. 1989	MAR. 1990	FEB. 1990	MAR. 1989
Abbeville	6,930	6,860	6,970	3,590	3,540	3,710	3,340	3,320	3,260
Aiken	53,700	53,600	50,300	19,000	19,000	19,000	34,700	34,600	31,300
Allendale	3,680	3,700	3,640	1,350	1,350	1,290	2,330	2,350	2,350
Anderson	53,700	53,800	53,900	20,300	20,300	20,400	33,400	33,500	33,500
Bamberg	4,710	4,730	4,470	1,520	1,520	1,540	3,190	3,210	2,930
Barnwell	7,750	7,710	7,520	3,080	3,040	3,340	4,670	4,670	4,180
Beaufort	35,280	35,270	31,550	950	960	1,080	34,330	34,310	30,470
Berkeley	26,200	26,000	25,500	6,600	6,600	6,700	19,600	19,400	18,800
Calhoun	3,720	3,730	4,080	1,870	1,870	2,250	1,850	1,860	1,830
Charleston	157,200	156,200	151,100	9,300	9,400	9,400	147,900	146,800	141,700
Cherokee	19,170	19,220	18,310	9,280	9,320	9,170	9,890	9,900	9,140
Chester	12,790	12,790	12,480	6,910	6,920	6,880	5,880	5,870	5,600
Chesterfield	14,410	14,500	13,900	7,920	8,020	7,850	6,490	6,480	6,050
Clarendon	7,130	7,110	6,700	1,670	1,660	1,650	5,460	5,450	5,050
Colleton	10,630	10,620	10,110	2,670	2,670	2,570	7,960	7,950	7,540
Darlington	22,520	22,520	21,180	7,780	7,790	7,740	14,740	14,730	13,440
Dillon	9,560	9,630	9,660	3,800	3,840	3,830	5,760	5,790	5,830
Dorchester	19,100	19,000	19,100	4,900	4,900	4,900	14,200	14,100	14,200
Edgefield	4,730	4,750	4,730	2,130	2,150	2,160	2,600	2,600	2,570
Fairfield	8,280	8,090	8,430	3,130	3,080	3,440	5,150	5,010	4,990
Florence	54,300	54,500	52,900	13,400	13,500	13,300	40,900	41,000	39,600
Georgetown	17,240	17,280	16,220	4,540	4,560	4,420	12,700	12,720	11,800
Greenville	195,200	194,100	189,500	51,200	51,500	52,800	144,000	142,600	136,700
Greenwood	29,600	29,870	28,950	10,880	11,210	11,220	18,720	18,660	17,730
Hampton	5,940	5,930	5,550	1,830	1,830	1,880	4,110	4,100	3,670
Horry	61,440	58,960	59,780	5,800	5,820	5,860	55,640	53,140	53,920
Jasper	4,030	4,060	3,710	360	360	360	3,670	3,700	3,350
Kershaw	16,700	16,680	16,540	6,450	6,440	6,400	10,250	10,240	10,140
Lancaster	18,930	18,940	18,550	8,230	8,300	8,340	10,700	10,640	10,210
Laurens	20,820	20,700	20,470	7,790	7,700	8,180	13,030	13,000	12,290
Lee	3,890	3,970	3,620	1,320	1,370	1,330	2,570	2,600	2,290
Lexington	57,300	57,000	56,600	14,200	14,300	14,300	43,100	42,700	42,300
McCormick	2,220	2,250	2,210	760	770	830	1,460	1,480	1,380
Marion	12,710	12,600	12,150	6,320	6,220	6,250	6,390	6,380	5,900
Marlboro	10,050	10,090	8,800	5,110	5,150	4,270	4,940	4,940	4,530
Newberry	11,780	11,790	12,130	4,810	4,830	5,350	6,970	6,960	6,780
Oconee	25,230	25,250	24,700	10,210	10,230	9,930	15,020	15,020	14,770
Orangeburg	31,360	31,060	29,730	9,750	9,440	9,460	21,610	21,620	20,270
Pickens	35,000	35,100	34,500	12,000	12,100	12,500	23,000	23,000	22,000
Richland	185,600	184,800	182,600	14,500	14,500	14,600	171,100	170,300	168,000
Saluda	3,610	3,630	3,470	1,450	1,460	1,470	2,160	2,170	2,000
Spartanburg	108,800	108,200	105,000	38,600	38,700	39,300	70,200	69,500	65,700
Sumter	34,400	34,770	32,550	9,830	10,180	9,880	24,570	24,590	22,670
Union	10,650	10,750	10,810	5,590	5,710	6,000	5,060	5,040	4,810
Williamsburg	11,030	11,110	11,630	4,970	5,040	5,600	6,060	6,070	6,030
York	48,800	47,900	47,200	13,600	13,600	13,400	35,200	34,300	33,800

NOTE: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 14

LABOR FORCE AND UNEMPLOYMENT BY LABOR MARKET AREA
MARCH, 1990

AREA:	LABOR FORCE			UNEMPLOYMENT					
				NUMBER			PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE		
	MAR. 1990	FEB. 1990	MAR. 1989	MAR. 1990	FEB. 1990	MAR. 1989	MAR. 1990	FEB. 1990	MAR. 1989
ABBEVILLE....	10,590	10,440	10,660	690	690	670	6.5	6.6	6.3
AIKEN.....	63,150	62,150	62,280	2,230	2,550	2,640	3.5	4.1	4.2
ALLENDALE....	5,250	5,120	5,100	260	280	330	4.9	5.4	6.5
ANDERSON MSA.	69,380	68,590	70,600	3,220	3,830	3,530	4.6	5.6	5.0
BAMBERG.....	6,880	6,760	6,570	480	530	430	6.9	7.8	6.5
BARNWELL.....	9,220	9,020	8,840	780	850	590	8.4	9.4	6.7
BEAUFORT.....	37,850	37,210	34,610	1,030	1,370	1,080	2.7	3.7	3.1
BERKELEY.....	52,290	51,030	51,270	1,350	1,400	1,810	2.6	2.7	3.5
CALHOUN.....	4,730	4,670	5,190	250	340	290	5.3	7.2	5.6
CHARLESTON...	141,510	138,760	138,900	4,550	5,330	5,900	3.2	3.8	4.2
CHEROKEE.....	24,240	23,980	23,190	1,310	1,550	1,040	5.4	6.5	4.5
CHESTER.....	14,630	14,470	14,500	990	1,160	1,050	6.7	8.0	7.2
CHESTERFIELD.	20,860	20,670	20,470	890	1,080	930	4.3	5.2	4.5
CLARENDON....	12,220	11,950	11,820	540	650	680	4.4	5.5	5.8
COLLETON.....	18,310	17,940	17,870	650	770	840	3.5	4.3	4.7
DARLINGTON...	32,850	28,690	28,190	1,610	1,690	1,790	4.9	5.9	6.3
DILLON.....	14,480	14,250	14,960	890	980	1,100	6.1	6.8	7.4
DORCHESTER...	36,820	35,990	35,780	1,090	1,170	1,080	2.9	3.3	3.0
EDGEFIELD....	7,410	7,170	7,420	410	360	320	5.5	5.0	4.3
FAIRFIELD....	11,060	10,720	11,090	900	1,030	610	8.2	9.6	5.5
FLORENCE MSA.	57,760	56,600	56,790	2,580	2,660	2,620	4.5	4.7	4.6
GEORGETOWN...	22,240	22,320	21,080	1,670	2,210	1,580	7.5	9.9	7.5
GREENVILLE...	177,630	173,610	174,490	5,610	6,230	5,270	3.2	3.6	3.0
GREENWOOD....	28,980	28,670	29,080	1,480	1,560	2,020	5.1	5.4	6.9
HAMPTON.....	7,840	7,570	7,360	460	390	380	5.9	5.2	5.2
HORRY.....	70,360	68,370	68,860	4,640	6,560	4,360	6.6	9.6	6.3
JASPER.....	6,890	6,860	6,550	230	340	290	3.3	4.9	4.4
KERSHAW.....	19,390	18,950	19,440	1,050	1,070	1,150	5.4	5.7	5.9
LANCASTER....	25,460	24,920	25,240	1,400	1,380	1,520	5.5	5.5	6.0
LAURENS.....	24,910	24,240	24,290	1,420	1,460	1,020	5.7	6.0	4.2
LEE.....	9,210	9,110	8,990	430	420	470	4.6	4.6	5.2
LEXINGTON....	95,470	93,220	94,230	2,890	3,030	2,560	3.0	3.2	2.7
McCORMICK....	3,010	3,030	3,030	310	320	320	10.2	10.7	10.6
MARION.....	15,100	14,820	15,350	1,310	1,510	2,040	8.6	10.2	13.3
MARLBORO.....	13,800	13,740	12,380	1,250	1,480	1,240	9.1	10.7	10.0
NEWBERRY.....	15,080	14,770	15,520	720	840	740	4.8	5.7	4.8
OCONEE.....	29,920	29,530	29,440	1,380	1,630	1,360	4.6	5.5	4.6
ORANGEBURG...	40,490	40,250	39,670	2,240	3,300	3,070	5.5	8.2	7.7
PICKENS.....	50,100	49,080	49,270	1,980	2,260	1,930	4.0	4.6	3.9
RICHLAND.....	142,120	139,010	141,450	4,330	4,780	5,020	3.0	3.4	3.5
SALUDA.....	8,130	7,970	7,750	510	570	290	6.3	7.1	3.7
SPARTANBURG..	116,080	113,840	113,410	4,820	5,590	3,970	4.2	4.9	3.5
SUMTER.....	37,850	37,330	36,280	1,650	1,770	1,940	4.3	4.8	5.3
UNION.....	14,420	14,430	14,290	1,150	1,290	720	8.0	9.0	5.0
WILLIAMSBURG.	17,270	16,970	17,760	1,470	1,520	1,070	8.5	8.9	6.0
YORK.....	72,080	69,940	71,450	2,720	2,550	3,430	3.8	3.6	4.8
CHAS MSA.....	230,630	225,780	225,950	6,980	7,900	8,790	3.0	3.5	3.9
COLA MSA.....	237,590	232,220	235,680	7,220	7,800	7,580	3.0	3.4	3.2
GRNV MSA.....	343,810	336,530	337,170	12,410	14,070	11,160	3.6	4.2	3.3
Comparable data for South Carolina given in thousands.									
S CAROLINA...	1,715.4	1,678.7	1,682.7	73.8	84.3	77.1	4.3	5.0	4.6

NOTE: See technical notes on final page.

TABLE 15
LABOR FORCE AND UNEMPLOYMENT FOR SELECTED CITIES IN SOUTH CAROLINA MARCH, 1990

CITIES	LABOR FORCE			UNEMPLOYMENT					
				NUMBER			% OF LABOR FORCE		
	MAR. 1990	FEB. 1990	MAR. 1989	MAR. 1990	FEB. 1990	MAR. 1989	MAR. 1990	FEB. 1990	MAR. 1989
ANDERSON	13,360	13,250	13,610	810	960	890	6.0	7.2	6.5
CHARLESTON	37,880	37,140	37,170	1,190	1,390	1,540	3.1	3.7	4.1
COLUMBIA	46,360	45,380	46,190	1,690	1,860	1,960	3.6	4.1	4.2
FLORENCE	15,930	15,610	15,660	670	690	680	4.2	4.4	4.3
GREENVILLE	34,430	33,680	33,810	1,300	1,450	1,220	3.8	4.3	3.6
MYRTLE BEACH . . .	12,690	12,220	12,430	590	830	550	4.6	6.8	4.4
NORTH CHARLESTON	22,500	22,140	22,200	1,100	1,290	1,430	4.9	5.8	6.4
ROCK HILL	22,920	22,230	22,770	1,030	960	1,300	4.5	4.3	5.7
SPARTANBURG . . .	23,700	23,280	23,120	1,180	1,370	970	5.0	5.9	4.2
SUMTER	11,480	11,320	11,010	510	550	610	4.5	4.9	5.5

NOTE: See technical notes on final page.

TECHNICAL NOTES

This release is prepared in conjunction with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. The current month's estimates are preliminary while all previous data are subject to revision. Industries are classified according to the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987. All estimates are projected from a first quarter 1989 benchmark.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Estimates measure the number of jobs by industry and reflect employment by place of work. Therefore, these data are not strictly comparable with the labor force data which represent persons by place of residence. Excluded from wage and salary estimates are proprietors, self-employed workers, private household employees, and unpaid family workers. A small percentage of wage and salary workers cannot be allocated to specific counties (Table 12) because of the nature of their jobs. Therefore, county data will not add to state totals.

Production worker estimates include full- and part-time employees working within manufacturing industries. Hours worked and earnings data are computed based on payroll figures for the week including the 12th of the month for production workers. Average hourly earnings are calculated on a gross basis, and are affected by such factors as premium pay for overtime and shift differential as well as changes in basic hourly and incentive rates of pay. Average weekly earnings are the product of weekly hours worked and hourly earnings.

Labor force data are adjusted to the Current Population Survey benchmark, and represent employment and unemployment by place of residence. These data are not comparable to the place-of-work industry employment series. Workers involved in labor disputes are counted as employed. Total employment in the labor force also includes agricultural workers, unpaid family workers, domestics, and self-employed. The unemployment rate is calculated by dividing total unemployment by the labor force, and is expressed as a percent. Because of the conceptual differences stated above, total employment may in some instances be lower than nonagricultural wage and salary employment.